1. PURPOSE

This Advisory Circular (AC) contains recommendations regarding the experience, training, qualifying, examining and certifying of non-destructive testing personnel for inspection of aircraft, engines, propellers, accessories and components.

2. GENERAL INFORMATION/CANCELLATION

a. This Advisory Circular GCAA AC/AIR-017 is a complete re-issue on the subject and cancels Airworthiness AC # 17 dated 01/02/2009. The effective date of this AC is April 1, 2015.

b. Contained in this AC are criteria recommended for the qualification of personnel and the required appropriate knowledge of the technical principles underlying the non-destructive tests they may perform. Thus, this document applies to those individuals directly responsible for the technical adequacy of the NDT methods used, as well as those persons or Organisations providing training, supervision, or oversight of NDT personnel.

c. Organisations should have a written programme describing the guidelines used to train, qualify, and certify personnel. Inspection personnel qualified under any of the systems described in Paragraph 4 are eligible to perform NDT in accordance with the aircraft manufacturer's instructions.

3. RELEVANT REFERENCES

FAA Advisory Circular AC 65-31A.

4. Contact Information

Director General of Civil Aviation
@ Address and contact information shown in the header, or
Director, Aviation Safety Regulation
Phone: (592) 225 0778, Ext. 104
E-mail: dasr@gcaa-gy.org
5. REQUIREMENTS

5.1 QUALIFIED NDT PERSONNEL

a. Non-destructive testing is defined as inspections, tests, or evaluations which may be applied to a structure or component to determine its integrity, composition, electrical or thermal properties, or dimensions without causing a change in any of these characteristics. Qualified personnel are required for reliable performance of non-destructive testing.

b. Both the performance of tests and the interpretation of results require skill and must be accomplished by trained personnel. They must know the applications and limitations of the various non-destructive testing methods used to locate defects in aircraft structure and components.

c. Persons performing non-destructive testing, inspection, or evaluation may be qualified in accordance with one or more of the standards listed in Paragraph 7. Other qualification documents acceptable to the Authority may be used when they are included in the approved manual for the Organisation specified in the contractual document between the user of the NDT services and their provider.

d. The applicable revision should be the latest unless otherwise specified. Qualification should be based on an examination and/or other demonstration of proficiency, competence, and experience, as set forth in the relevant documents.

5.2 Scope of Examination

The scope of the examination is called out in Sub-Paragraph 11.1.5 "Grading of Examinations".

5.3 Timing of Examination

The timing of the examination should be in accordance with Paragraph 11.3 "Re-examination".

5.4 Records and Documentation of Administrative Practices

An Organisation’s records should include a description of the details to be recorded for each qualified individual and identification of those responsible for developing, administering, and maintaining the Organisation’s qualification programme.

5.5 Requalification Requirements

Requalification requirements should include re-examination of employees. It should also include the conditions and requirements for the revocation and reinstatement of qualification of individuals and the documentation thereof.

6. DEFINITIONS

The following are terms and definitions used in this Advisory Circular.

a. Acceptance Criteria (Pass/Fail) - means the basis for acceptance of the results of an examination as noted in Paragraph 11.2.

b. Certification - means the written testimony of qualification.
6. **DEFINITIONS, CONT’D**

c. **Certification Based on Previous Experience** - means the certifications acceptable to the Authority of individuals who were certified under a previous qualification programme.

d. **Documented** - means the condition of being or existing in written or electronic form (an example is ATA Specification 105, Air Transport Association, Guidelines for Training and Qualifying Personnel in Non-destructive Testing Methods, available on compact disk, etc.).

e. **Evaluation** - means a determination of the significance of indications.

f. **Examination** - means a formal, controlled, documented interrogation conducted in accordance with a procedure defined in an Organisation’s documentation programme.

g. **Examiner** - means a Level III or other qualified representative of the examining Organisation.

h. **Experience** - means an actual performance or observation conducted in the work environment, resulting in the acquisition of knowledge and skill. This does not include classroom or laboratory training but does include on-the-job training (OJT).

i. **General Examination** - means a written examination addressing the basic principles of the applicable NDT method.

j. **Grandfathered** - means certification of individuals who are considered qualified under a prior qualification programme. This option can only be used once to start a new programme.

k. **Indication** - means the observation, or evidence of an observation, occurring during a NDT or test.

l. **Inspector** - means a qualified individual designated by an Organisation to provide inspection services.

m. **Instructor** - means an individual qualified and designated, in accordance with this standard, to provide classroom or laboratory training for NDT personnel. The instructor should have the necessary skills and knowledge to plan, organize, and present classroom, laboratory, or OJT programmes of instruction in accordance with approved course outlines and in the method for which qualified. The instructor should be thoroughly familiar with the theory and practical applications of the method as utilized by the Organisation. The instructor should not conduct NDTs for the acceptance of parts unless he/she is properly qualified.

n. **Interpretation** - means the determination of whether indications are relevant or non-relevant.

o. **Method** - means one of the disciplines of NDT, or testing (e.g., radiography, ultrasonic), within which different techniques exist.

p. **On-The-Job Training (OJT)** - means training in the work environment in learning instrumentation setup, equipment operation, recognition of indications, and interpretation under the technical guidance of an experienced Level II, Level III, or other designated individual.

q. **Organisation** - means a corporation or other similar entity established to provide or receive NDT services.

r. **Outside Agency** - means an independent body under contract for NDT services which may include the training and examination of personnel to the requirements of a standard. Consultants and self-employed individuals are included in this definition.
6. DEFINITIONS, CONT’D

s. **Practical Examination** - means the examination used to demonstrate an individual’s ability to practice the NDT methods that will be performed for the Organisation. Questions and answers need not be written, but observations and results should be documented.

t. **Procedure** - means a detailed, written instruction for conducting NDTs or qualifying personnel.

u. **Qualification** - means demonstrated skill, training, knowledge, and experience required for personnel to properly perform the duties of a specific job.

v. **Qualification Certificate** - means a certificate issued by the Organisation as evidence of qualification to NDT proficiency standards as defined in this document.

w. **Qualified Personnel** - means personnel qualified to perform NDTs in accordance with, and covered by, provisions of this document.

x. **Specific Examination** - means the written examination to determine an individual’s understanding of procedures, codes, standards, and specifications for a given method used by the Organisation.

y. **Technique** - means a procedure within a method. For example: ultrasonic immersion testing used as a part of the ultrasonic method, or fluorescent penetrant inspection as a part of penetrant inspection.

z. **Trainee** - means an individual participating in a training programme for an NDT method who is not yet qualified. Trainees should obtain work experience only under the direct supervision of a Qualified Instructor, Level II or Level III in the same method. Trainees should not independently conduct tests; make, accept, or reject decisions; or perform any other NDT functions.

aa. **Training** - means an organized and documented programme of activities designed to impart the knowledge and skills necessary for qualification. This programme may be a mix of classroom, laboratory, OJT, and programmed self-teaching.

7. STANDARDS FOR QUALIFICATION, CERTIFICATION, AND TRAINING OF NDT PERSONNEL

a. Individuals who will provide equivalent competency to ensure satisfactory maintenance as set forth in relevant aviation regulations should:

1) have knowledge and experience gained while attending schools with curricula developed in accordance with standards acceptable to the Authority and published in the relevant approved manuals;

2) have OJT training with an appropriately certified Organisation; and

3) meet the criteria set forth in the following list of acceptable standards:-

   i. AIA-NAS-410, Aerospace Industries Association, National Aerospace Standard, NAS Certification and Qualification of Non-destructive Test Personnel;

   ii. ATA Specification 105, Air Transport Association, Guidelines for Training and Qualifying Personnel in Non-destructive Testing Methods;

   iii. PCN/GEN/92, General Requirements for the Certification of Personnel Engaged in Non-destructive Testing at Levels 1, 2 and 3. (PCN Certification Services, British Institute of NDT, 1 Spencer Parade, Northampton NN1 5AA, UK);

   iv. Canadian National Regulations contained in CAN/CGBS-48.9712-95, Qualification, and Certification of Non-destructive Testing Personnel;
7. **STANDARDS FOR QUALIFICATION, CERTIFICATION, AND TRAINING OF NDT PERSONNEL**

   3) meet the criteria set forth in the following list of acceptable standards, Cont’d:-
   v. International Standards Organisation (ISO) document 9712, Non-destructive Testing, Qualification and Certification of Personnel; and

   b. Individuals meeting the criteria established by the following certification programmes may be deemed qualified after a review by the Authority of the specific written practice establishing certification criteria. The certification programmes are:
   1) American Society for Non-destructive Testing, Inc. (ASNT), Recommended Practice SNT-TC-1A - Personnel Qualification and Certification in Non-destructive Testing;
   2) Certain International NDT standards accepted by other approved regulatory agencies and national certification programmes may be considered to be acceptable standards. In particular, European standard EN 4179, Qualification and Approval of Personnel for Non-destructive Testing (dated January 1995) is acceptable; or

   **NOTE:** This document is intended as a guideline for Organisations to establish their own written practice for the qualification of Non-destructive Testing Personnel. It is not intended to be used as a strict specification.

   c. Other standards or alternative methods of qualification and certification may be satisfactory if found acceptable by the Authority.

   d. Qualifications may be established by completing the qualification, examination, and re-examination requirements described in Paragraphs 9 through 12.

8. **NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING METHODS**

   Qualification of personnel in accordance with this AC should be applicable to the following methods:
   1) Radiographic (RT);
   2) Magnetic Particle (M71);
   3) Ultrasonic (UT);
   4) Liquid Penetrant (PT); and
   5) Eddy Current (ET).

   **NOTE:** Methods other than those listed above, such as acoustic emission, neutron radiography, leak testing, thermography, holography, computed tomography, or any other NDT method that can be used for inspection of aircraft, engines, accessories, or components may be added if they become broadly applied within the Organisation and guidance exists as to their application. For example, if infrared or shearography become the subject of manufacturer’s Service Bulletins, assurance that only qualified individuals perform those inspections will be required by the Authority.

9. **QUALIFICATIONS**

9.1 **Training, Experience, and Credentials**

   To properly perform the necessary tasks, NDT personnel should have appropriate training and experience and, when required by the qualifying Organisation, hold a valid and current Aircraft Maintenance Engineer License. Instructors are exempted from the necessity to hold such certificates unless specifically required by the qualifying Organisation. Possession of an Aircraft Maintenance Engineers License may be considered part of the required training experience.
9.2 Competence

NDT personnel should be qualified to direct and perform inspections in the method required. The individual should also be able to set up and calibrate equipment (where applicable), read and interpret indications, and evaluate them with reference to applicable standards and specifications. The individual should be thoroughly familiar with the scope and limitations of the methods and should have the ability to apply detailed techniques to products or parts within the limitations of the qualification requirements. The individual should further be able to organize and report non-destructive inspection results in a manner specified by his or her Organisation.

9.3 Certification

a. A certificate may be issued by the Organisation as evidence of qualification. This Qualification Certificate may define the level of qualification based on the requirements listed below.

b. There are three basic levels of personnel qualification:
   1) Level I;
   2) Level II; and
   3) Level III.

c. These levels may be further subdivided for specific operations, when appropriate. Levels of qualification are as follows:
   1) **Level I Special (Optional)**. Level I Special is the lowest qualification level and is task specific. Personnel may be qualified to this level to perform a specific task on a particular component. Classroom instruction and OJT may be limited to the specific requirements to perform the task. Written evidence of qualification should be limited to a specific task. An example of this level is the Eddy Current Inspection of aircraft wheels.
   2) **Level I for a specific method**. To be qualified for Level I, an individual should have the skills and knowledge to perform specific tests, specific calibrations, and specific interpretations and evaluations for acceptance or rejection, and to document the results in accordance with specific procedures. The individual should:
      i. be knowledgeable of any necessary preparation of parts before or after inspection;
      ii. be able to follow procedures pertinent to the techniques for which he/she is qualified;
      iii. receive the necessary guidance or supervision from a qualified Level II, Level III, or other designated individual; and
      iv. meet the training and experience guidelines in Table 1.

### TABLE 1. MINIMUM CLASSROOM TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE REQUIREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NDT METHOD</th>
<th>CLASSROOM INSTRUCTION</th>
<th>EXPERIENCE (HOURS/MONTHS) (3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ALL LEVELS</td>
<td>LEVEL I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDDY CURRENT</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>480/3 Mth [1,4]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ULTRASONIC</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>480/3 Mth [1,4]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAGNETIC PARTICLE</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>160/1 Mth [1,5]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PENETRANT</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>160/1 Mth [1,5]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RADIOGRAPHY</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>480/3 Mth [1,4]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.3 Certification, Cont’d

NOTE 1: To be qualified a trainee must complete the required classroom training and fulfill the requirements in Paragraph 11, Examination.

NOTE 2: A Level I may be upgraded to Level II after satisfactory completion of required experience in method.

NOTE 3: Initial experience may be gained simultaneously in two or more methods if:
   i. the candidate spends a minimum of 25% of work time on each method for which evidence of qualification is sought; and
   ii. the remainder of work time claimed as experience is spent in NDT-related activities defined in the employee’s written practice.

NOTE 4: During the first 90 days, the individual should independently accomplish only procedures for which he/she has previously been qualified by OJT. Documentation is required.

3) Level II. In addition to the requirements specified in the Level I qualification, the individual qualified to Level II should have the skills and knowledge to set up and calibrate equipment, conduct tests, and to interpret, evaluate, and document results in accordance with procedures in all techniques in the methods used by his or her Organisation. The individual should be thoroughly familiar with the scope and limitations of the methods for which he/she is qualified and should be capable of providing OJT for trainees and other inspectors. He or she should be able to organize and document NDT results and should be familiar with the codes, standards, and other regulatory documents which control the method used by the Organisation. The individual should meet the guidelines in Table 1.

4) Level III. In addition to the requirements specified in the Level II qualification, individuals qualified to Level III should have the skills and knowledge to interpret codes, standards, and other regulatory documents that control the methods used by the Organisation. The individual should be able to select the method and technique for a specific inspection, select and/or design equipment and reference standards, and verify the adequacy of procedures. Only individuals at this level should have the authority to approve procedures for the methods for which they are qualified. The individual should also have general knowledge of all other NDT methods utilized by the Organisation. Level III qualified individuals should be capable of conducting or directing the training and examination of personnel in the methods for which they are qualified.

10. REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFICATION

   a. The Organisation should establish a written programme for the control and administration of personnel training, examination, qualification, and documentation. This programme should include a method for maintaining proficiency, including recurrent training and steps to decertify, retrain, or recertify as required.

   b. The Organisation should provide qualified instructors who have satisfactorily completed an approved NDT programme for the applicable testing method. Such individuals should have demonstrated practical experience and knowledge of the subject. At the option of the organisation and as provided in their written procedure, a qualified outside agency may be engaged to provide NDT training, qualification, and testing.

   c. To obtain a Qualification Certificate, personnel should have completed sufficient organized training to become familiar with principles and practices of the applicable test method. The training programme should include on-the-job instructions in basic principles, products, equipment, operating procedures, test techniques, and review and analysis of inspection/test data that the individual will encounter in his/her work assignment.
10. REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFICATION, CONT'D

d. Qualification of personnel should be based on demonstration of satisfactory performance as determined by procedures outlined in Paragraph 11, Examination. To be considered qualified, a candidate should satisfy one or more of the following criteria for the applicable NDT skills:

(1) **Level I, SPECIAL.** Initial classroom hours and OJT experience should be sufficient to qualify an individual for a specific task. To be qualified, the individual must meet the requirements of Paragraph 11, Examination.

(2) **Level I/Level II.** Table 1 lists the required classroom training hours and OJT/experience and testing requirements to be used in establishing written practices for initial qualification to Level I or Level II.

(3) **Level III.** In order to qualify for Level III, a candidate, at a minimum, should:

i. have graduated from a minimum four-year college or university curriculum with a degree in engineering or a related science, plus one year minimum experience in NDT testing in an assignment comparable to that of an NDT Level II in the applicable NDT method(s); or

ii. have completed two years of engineering or related science study at a university, college, or technical school, plus two years' experience in assignments at least comparable to that for NDT Level II in the applicable NDT method(s); or

iii. Have four years' experience in an assignment at least comparable to that of an NDT Level II in the applicable NDT method(s).

11. EXAMINATION

This section outlines examination guidelines for Levels I, II, and III. The examination should consist of demonstrations in the five segments (11.1.1 to 11.1.5) outlined in Paragraph 11.1 "Required Examinations", to confirm physical and technical qualification.

11.1 Required Examinations

11.1.1 Physical Examination:

a. **Vision.** An examination to assure near vision of at least one eye, corrected or uncorrected, such that the individual can read Snellen equivalent of 20/20 (Jaeger #1). The examination must be on a periodic basis, not to exceed one year.

b. **Color Perception.** Distinguish and differentiate between colors necessary for the inspection method for which evidence of qualification is sought.

c. **Physical Requirements.** The physical requirements established by the organisation as a condition of employment will normally suffice.

11.1.2 General Skills Examination:

a. The general examination for all skill levels should be a closed-book examination consisting of questions that cover the basic inspection/test principles relative to the applicable method, equipment, operating procedures, and techniques that the individual may encounter in his or her assignment.

b. In preparing the examination, the organisation should select pertinent questions covering the applicable method. A minimum of 40 questions should be used for the general examination and should cover reading and interpreting findings (indications), knowledge of standards, etc.
11.1.2 General Skills Examination, Cont’d:

c. The examination should also cover the specifications and/or standards used by the Organisation in its non-destructive inspection procedures.

d. Relevant standards and documentation upon which the examination is based should be available in both English and the language used in the documentation for which evidence of qualification is sought. The examination should be in English.

11.1.3 Practical Examination (Classroom):

As part of the classroom training, the individual being considered for qualification should satisfactorily demonstrate that he/she is familiar with and can operate the necessary test equipment and interpret the resultant information to the degree required by the Level III instructor.

11.1.4 Practical Examination (OJT Shop):

a. This experience should be accomplished in the shop area on actual components under normal working conditions. The hours of OJT training are defined in the experience section of Table 1. Only personnel who have demonstrated that they possess the required knowledge and ability to meet Level II or Level III requirements should be considered qualified. Such demonstration should include a demonstration of proficiency on test samples related to tasks identified by the qualifying Organisation.

b. Acceptable Certification. Upon satisfactory completion of the required physical and general skills examinations; the classroom and OJT shop practical examinations, as outlined above; and receipt of a qualification certificate from the appropriately certified organisation as described in Paragraph 4 above, an individual is then considered to have NDT certification acceptable to the Authority.

11.1.5 Grading of Examinations

a. A Level III or other qualified examiner as provided for in the organisation’s written programme should conduct and grade or evaluate the qualification examinations for each level.

b. Examinations administered for qualification should result in a composite grade of at least 80%, with no individual examination having a grade less than 70%.

11.2 Acceptance Criteria

If acceptance criteria (e.g., reference radiographs, test samples) are not included in a standard or procedure, they should be provided as a part of the examination.

11.3 Re-examination

Candidates failing the examinations may be given time for additional studies and be re-examined at the discretion of the Organisation, and as provided in the organisation’s written programme. The re-examination should not utilise the same questions, test samples, or indications that were used in the initial examination.
12. **REQUALIFICATION/RECURRENT TRAINING.**

   a. Requalification examinations should consist of a demonstration of proficiency in the procedure for which the applicant is being examined. Requalification should occur, at a minimum, every three years.

   b. Personnel should be required to be retrained or re-examined and their qualification certification continued or revoked in accordance with the organisation's written programme and at the discretion of the organisation when an individual:

      1) Demonstrates unsatisfactory performance, or where data indicates that performance of an individual is unsatisfactory. Unsatisfactory performance may be determined by the responsible person from the organisation who originally qualified the individual or by some other documented method approved by the organisation.
      2) Has been inactive in the method for a six-month period or other shorter interval as provided in the organisation's written programme.
      3) Fails to be evaluated for compliance with performance standards by a Level III or other designated individual at an interval not to exceed two years.
      4) The time limits of this Paragraph have expired.

13. **RECORDS**

   a. The organisation should maintain appropriate personnel training records in accordance with their qualification programme for as long as the NDT inspector’s Qualification Certificate is in effect.

   b. Records must be available for audit by authorised personnel, and should at a minimum specify the date, time, and place of certification; and the employing organisation, along with the particular details applying to the certificate holder (such as Level, special qualifications or limitations, and standards under which the holder is certified).

   c. In addition, the records must include a copy of any authorizations or specifications issued to the organisation by the Authority.

Approved by:

Zulficar Mohamed  
Director General of Civil Aviation  
Guyana Civil Aviation Authority